MODERN HISTORY, ECONOMY, CA

- 1. By a regulation in 1793, the District Collector was deprived of his judicial powers and made the collecting agent only. What was the reason for such regulation?
 - (a) Lord Cornwallis felt that the District Collector's efficiency of revenue collection would enormously increase without the burden of other work.
 - (b) Lord Cornwallis felt that Judicial power should compulsorily be in the hands of Europeans while Indians can be given the job of revenue collection in the districts.
 - (c) Lord Cornwallis was alarmed at the extent of power concentrated in the District Collector and felt that such absolute power was undesirable in one person.
 - (d) The judicial work demanded a deep knowledge of India and a good training in law and Lord Cornwallis felt that District Collector should be only a revenue collector
- 2. The First Factory Act restricting the working hours of women and children, and authorizing local governments to make necessary rules was adopted during whose time?
 - (a) Lord Lytton
 - (b) Lord Bentinck
 - (c) Lord Ripon
 - (d) Lord Canning
- 3. Consider the following statements:
 - 1. Warren Hastings was the first Governor General who established a regular police in India on the British pattern.
 - 2. A Supreme Court was established at Calcutta by the Regulating Act, 1773.
 - 3. The Indian Penal Code came into effect in the year 1860.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 2 and 3
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 4. The aim of education as stated by the Wood's dispatch of 1854 was
 - (a) the creation of employment opportunities for native Indians
 - (b) the spread of western culture in India
- for UPSC/OPSC (c) the promotion of literacy among the people using English medium of language
 - (d) the introduction of scientific research and rationalism in the traditional Indian education
- 5. Which one of the following Acts of British India strengthened the Viceroy's authority over his executive council by substituting "portfolio" or departmental system for corporate functioning?
 - (a) Indian Councils Act, 1861
 - (b) Government of India Act, 1858
 - (c) Indian Councils Act, 1892
 - (d) Indian Councils Act, 1909
- 6. With regard to the Charter Act of 1833, consider the following statements:
 - 1. It ended the commercial activity of East India Company and reduced it to an administrative
 - 2. It provided finances for the promotion of knowledge of the sciences in India.
 - 3. It instructed the government of India to abolish slavery.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only
- 7. The Board of Control was set up in Britain through which the British would fully control the East India Company. Which of the following Acts was responsible for this?
 - (a) Pitts Act, 1784
 - (b) Regulating Act, 1773
 - (c) Charter Act, 1793
 - (d) Charter Act, 1813
- 8. Who of the following founded the school at Fort William at Calcutta in 1800 to train civil servants of the East India Company?
 - (a) Lord Cornwallis
 - (b) Lord Hastings
 - (c) Lord Wellesley

- (d) Lord Ripon
- 9. Consider the following statements regarding Asiatic Society of Bengal,
 - 1. It was founded by Sir William Jones
 - 2. It had the support and encouragement of then Governor General Wellesley
 - 3. It was set up to encourage Oriental studies

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1,2 and 3
- 10. Consider the following statements regarding civil services
 - 1. Warren Hastings separated administrative and commercial branches of civil services.
 - 2. Cornwallis separated the posts of civil judge and the collector.
 - 3. Statutory Civil service was introduced by Lord Lytton

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (a) 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 11. Which of the following are excluded from the National Income to calculate Personal Income?
- 1. Corporate Tax
- 2. Personal Tax payments
- 3. Transfer payments to the households from the Government
- 4. Undistributed profits

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 4 only
- (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 2, 3 and 4 only
- 12. With reference to Outright Open Market Operations (OMO), consider the following statements:
- 1. Outright OMO are conducted without any promise to buy/sell the securities at a later stage.
- 2. Outright OMO are conducted for managing overnight liquidity mismatches. Exclusive Coachi

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 13. Which of the following characterize a situation of a 'liquidity trap' in an economy?
- 1. Decline in bond prices
- 2. Lower interest rates
- 3. High savings rates

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 14. Which of the following taxes are subsumed within the Goods and Service Tax (GST)?
- 1. Central Excise Duty
- 2. Stamp Duty
- 3. Octroi Tax
- 4. Luxury Tax

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (d) 2, 3 and 4 only
- 15. With reference to Participatory Notes (PNs), consider the following statements:
- 1. It is a derivative instrument issued by a SEBI registered Foreign Institutional Investor (FII) in foreign jurisdictions.

- 2. The investor in PN does not own the underlying Indian security.
- 3. PNs are freely tradeable and can be easily transferred from one investor to another.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1 only
- 16. Consider the following statements about core industries included in all India Index of Industrial Production (IIP):
- 1. Its output data is published by the National Statistical Office.
- 2. It comprises more than 50% of the total weight of items included in IIP.
- 3. Fertilizers have the lowest weight among core industries in the index.

Which of the statements given above is/are not correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 17. Consider the following statements regarding the Asset Reconstruction Companies (ARCs) in India:
- 1. ARCs are regulated by the RBI as nonbanking financial companies (NBFCs).
- 2. The ARC can take over only secured debts which have been classified as a non-performing asset

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 18. With reference to Reserve Ratio in the banking sector, consider the following statements:
- 1. It is the percentage of deposits that a bank is mandated to keep with the RBI.
- 2. Higher reserve ratio tends to lower the credit supply in an economy.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct? Exclusi

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 19. The balance sheet is a record of the assets and liabilities of any firm. Which of the following items are classified as assets of a Bank?
- 1. Loans extended to farmers
- 2. Fixed Deposits of customers
- 3. Cash deposited with RBI

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- 20. The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of a country is not an index of the well-being of the people of that country because it does not take into account
- 1. Domestic services performed by women at home
- 2. Negative externalities caused by companies
- 3. Inequalities among the citizens

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 21. With reference to Stree Manoraksha Project, consider the following statements



- 1. The project would emphasize on the psychosocial well-being and aim to improve the mental health of women in India.
- 2. Victims would be given cash incentives worth 6000 annually.

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 22. With reference to Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), consider the following statements:
- 1. China's leader Xi Jinping first proposed an Asian infrastructure bank at an APEC summit in Bali in 2013
- 2. India is not the founding member of AIIB.
- 3. India is the third largest shareholder after China and Russia.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1,2 and 3
- 23. With reference to National Disaster Response Force (NDRF, consider the following statements:
- 1. It is the world's single largest force dedicated to disaster response.
- 2. It functions under the Ministry of Defence.
- 3. It consists of 15 battalions only from the BSF and Assam Rifles.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 24. With reference to Participatory notes (P-notes), consider the following statements:
- 1. They are financial instruments required to invest in Indian securities without having to register with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).
- 2. They are issued by registered Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs) to overseas investors .
- 3. They are among the group of investments considered to be Offshore Derivative Investments (ODIs). Which of the statements given above are correct?
- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 25. Consider the following statements
- 1. The first national flag is said to have been hoisted in 1906 in Bombay.
- 2. Tricolour was adopted as our national flag at a Congress Committee meeting in Lahore in 1931.
- 3. The Indian flag was adopted in its present form during a meeting of the Constituent Assembly held on July 22, 1947.

Which of the given above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3